	Case 3:08-cv-01145-JM-WMC	Document 3	Filed 08/05/2008	Page 1 of 3				
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA							
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11	KAREN DERMARGOSIAN,		CASE NO. 08	CV 1145 JM (WMc)				
12		Plaintiff,	ORDER:					
13	VS.			G MOTION FOR ROCEED IN FORMA				
14			PAUPERIS; A					
15	UCSD MEDICAL CENTER,		(2) SUA SPON COMPLAINT	TE DISMISSING				
16	COSD MEDICIE CENTER,	Defendant.						
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19	Karen DerMargosian, a non-prisoner proceed pro se, filed a civil rights complaint pursuant to							
20	42 U.S.C. § 1983 on June 26, 2008. Defendant is her former employer. She claims that a							
21	discriminatory comment related to her disability led to the termination of her employment by							
22	Defendant. Plaintiff has also filed a motion to proceed in forma pauperis ("IFP") pursuant to 28							
23	U.S.C. § 1915(a). For the reasons set forth below, the court GRANTS the motion to proceed IFO and							
24	sua sponte DISMISSES the complaint with leave to amend. MOTION TO PROCEED HER							
25	I. MOTION TO PROCEED IFP Plaintiff's motion to present IFP reflects that she is not employed; her sale source of income							
26	Plaintiff's motion to proceed IFP reflects that she is not employed; her sole source of income is Social Security disability payments of \$628 per month; she has a checking account with a \$300							
27	balance; her only significant asset is a 1997 Toyota Tercel; and she appears to have \$630 in monthly							
28	barance, her only significant asset is a 1777 Toyota Tercer, and she appears to have \$000 III IIIOIIIIIIy							

- 1 - 08cv1145

living expenses. Having considered these facts, the court **GRANTS** Plaintiff's motion to proceed IFP.

II. SCREENING PURSUANT TO 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915(e)(2) & 1915A(b)

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Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2), the court may <u>sua sponte</u> dismiss the action if the complaint is frivolous or malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief against an immune defendant.

The Eleventh Amendment prohibits suits by citizens against states or state instrumentalities. Regents of the Univ. of Cal. v. Doe, 519 U.S. 425, 429 (1997). Furthermore, § 1983 does not abrogate a state's Eleventh Amendment immunity because neither states nor "arms of the State" are "persons" for purposes of § 1983. Will v. Michigan Dept of State Police, 491 U.S. 58, 62, 70 (1989). The University of California is generally considered to be an instrumentality of the state. See BV Eng'g v. Univ. of Cal., 858 F.2d 1394, 1395 (9th Cir. 1988); Jackson v. Hayakawa, 682 F.2d 1344, 1350 (9th Cir. 1982). Thus, as a branch of the University of California, Defendant enjoys immunity from § 1983 suits. See id.; see also Hale v. Arizona, 993 F.2d 1387, 1399 (9th Cir. 1993) ("To determine if a governmental agency is an arm of the state, [courts] look to state law and examine 'whether a money judgment would be satisfied out of state funds, whether the entity performs central governmental functions, whether the entity may sue or be sued, whether the entity has the power to take property in its own name or only the name of the state, and the corporate status of the entity." (quoting Mitchell v. Los Angeles Community College Dist., 861 F.2d 198, 201 (9th Cir. 1988))). Although Plaintiff attaches a notice from the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission entitling her to sue Defendant under Title VII, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, or the Equal Pay Act, she does not allege facts showing that Defendant has waived its immunity from suits under § 1983. See Welch v. Texas Dep't of Highways & Public Transp., 483 U.S. 468, 473 (1987). Accordingly, the Eleventh Amendment bars Plaintiff's lawsuit.

In sum, the court **DISMISSES** the complaint <u>sua sponte</u> for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. Nevertheless, because Plaintiff possibly could cure the pleading defects identified herein, the court grants leave to amend. <u>See Lopez v. Smith</u>, 203 F.3d 1122, 1127 (9th Cir. 2000) (en banc) (leave to amend is generally appropriate unless court has determined "that the pleading could not possibly be cured by the allegation of other facts").

- 2 - 08cv1145

	Case 3	:08-cv-01145-JM-WMC	Document 3	Filed 08/05/2008	Page 3 of 3			
1	III.	CONCLUSION						
2		For the foregoing reasons,	the court hereby	GRANTS Plaintiff's r	motion to proceed IFP and			
3	sua sp	onte DISMISSES the acti	on with leave to	amend pursuant to 28	3 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). If			
4	Plaintiff wishes to file an amended complaint, she must file the complaint no later than 45 days from							
5	the da	te of this order.						
6		IT IS SO ORDERED.						
7	DATI	ED: August 5, 2008	($\chi_{\mu} >$	1			
8				ng. Jeffrey T Miller	rille			
9			U ₁	nited States District Ju-	dge			
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- 3 - 08cv1145